SELF-CLEANING FILTER

CT0126.0_00
UK
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PRODUCTION RANGE

Connections	Standard Mesh [µm]	Size	Code	Kv [m³/h]
THREADED FF UNI-EN-ISO 228	100	3/8”	126.03.10	1,80
		1/2”	126.04.10	3,10
		3/4”	126.05.10	5,80
		1”	126.06.10	8,55
		1” 1/4	126.07.10	14,85
		1” 1/2	126.08.10	24,40
		2”	126.09.10	26,10
		2” 1/2	126.10.10	107,80
		3”	126.11.10	120,20
		4”	126.13.10	129,00

DESCRIPTION

The RBM self-cleaning filters are ideal to solve problems resulting from pollution due to suspended particles in the systems and to protect equipment at the end of the circuit. The range of filters available is suitable for small, medium-sized and large systems.

OPERATION

The fluid is forced to flow through the filter cartridge mesh where it is cleaned and then goes over towards the exit.
The body of the appliance is made of a copper alloy (brass) which performs a bactericidal action when the water remains in the filter for a long time.
The impurities caught by the filter are accumulated in the bottom of the filter and remain there until the discharge valve opens and expels them.

USE

The RBM self-cleaning filters are used mainly in hydraulic systems where the primary fluid is hot or cold water. They can be inserted in flanged systems.

The use of self-cleaning filters on heating and air-conditioning systems prevents the formation of sludge resulting from the separation of the mineral salts present in water coming from thermal fluid systems and in recirculation water.

INSTALLATION

The filter must be installed with the **impurity discharge valve directed downwards** as indicated by the **direction arrow on the filter body**;
For further information, please refer to page 5 of this data sheet.

MAINTENANCE

The filtering cartridge is made of AISI 304 stainless steel, can be regenerated and also replaced for maintenance purposes; it can also be replaced with another cartridge with a different filtering size.
The filter keeps a high performance even when the clogging reaches a level of 50%. Above this level, it needs cleaning. -
The RBM self-cleaning filters must undergo a programmed ordinary maintenance (filtering mesh replacement) approximately every 6 months;
(please refer to page 5 of this data sheet for further information).

CONSTRUCTION CHARACTERISTICS

• Body:	Nickel-plated brass CW 617N UNI EN 12165
• Filter holder:	Nickel-plated brass CW 617N UNI EN 12165
• Filter:	AISI 304 stainless steel (UNI 6900-71)
• Seals:	Nitrile
• Threaded connections:	FF UNI-EN-ISO 228

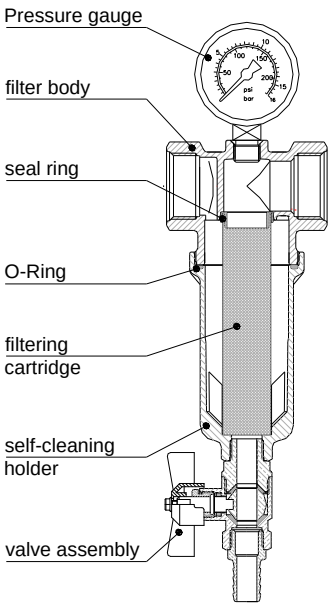
TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

• Max. operating pressure:	16 bar (1600 KPa)
• Maximum operating temperature:	100°C (water)
• Used fluid:	water
• Standard filtration:	100 µm
• Available filtering degree:	100 µm - 300 µm - 800 µm
• Pressure gauge scale:	0…16 bar

STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS

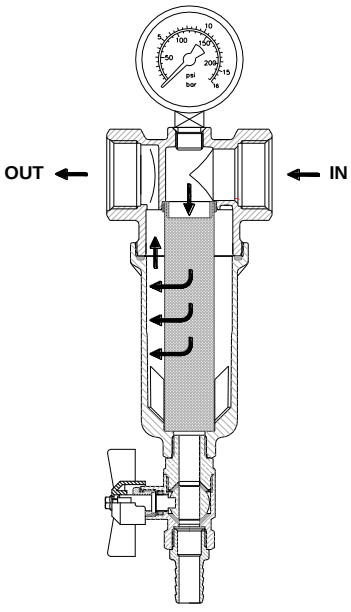
The RBM self-cleaning filter is made up of the following components:

- Filter holder with contamination discharge/drain valve;
- Filtering cartridge made of AISI 304 steel having the following characteristics:
  - Reinforced, for high pressure operation;
  - Filtering surface with a size corresponding to double the used DN section (in order to guarantee a higher cleaning performance);
  - Standard filtration degree: **100** micron; (**300** and **800** micron filter cartridge available as an accessory).
- Pressure gauge (scale 0…16 bar) for checking inlet pressure and filter obstruction.



OPERATION PRINCIPLE

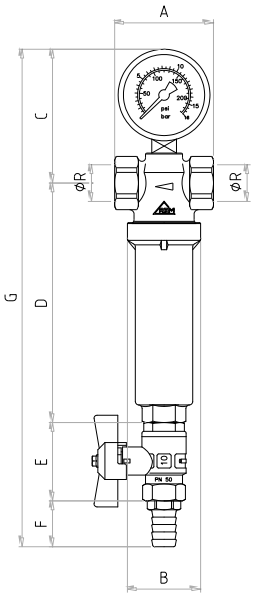
The fluid follows a set course: it is forced through the filter cartridge mesh where it is cleaned and then channelled to the exit.
Impurities caught by the filter are accumulated on the bottom of the filter until the discharge valve opens and impurities are expelled.
During this operation the outgoing liquid drags with it the impurities caught in the filter cartridge mesh and cleans its passage sections.
The pressure gauge located on the self-cleaning filter shows the input pressure and makes it possible to check if the filter cartridge is obstructed.
An obstruction may be present when the pressure loss indicated on the pressure gauge during use does not correspond to the value found during similar measurements taken under the same conditions.



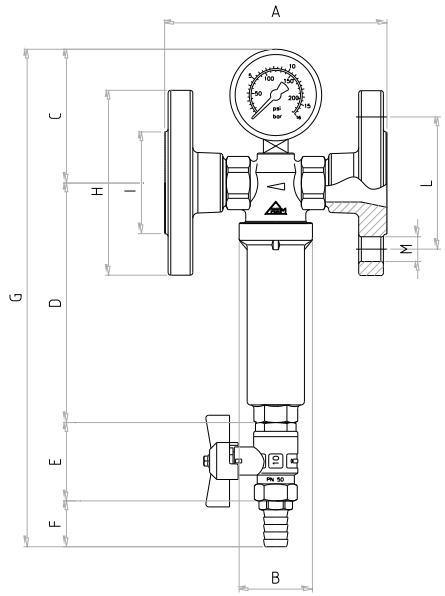
Scheme of the water passage inside the filter

DIMENSIONAL CHARACTERISTICS

FF threaded self-cleaning filter



Flanged self-cleaning filter



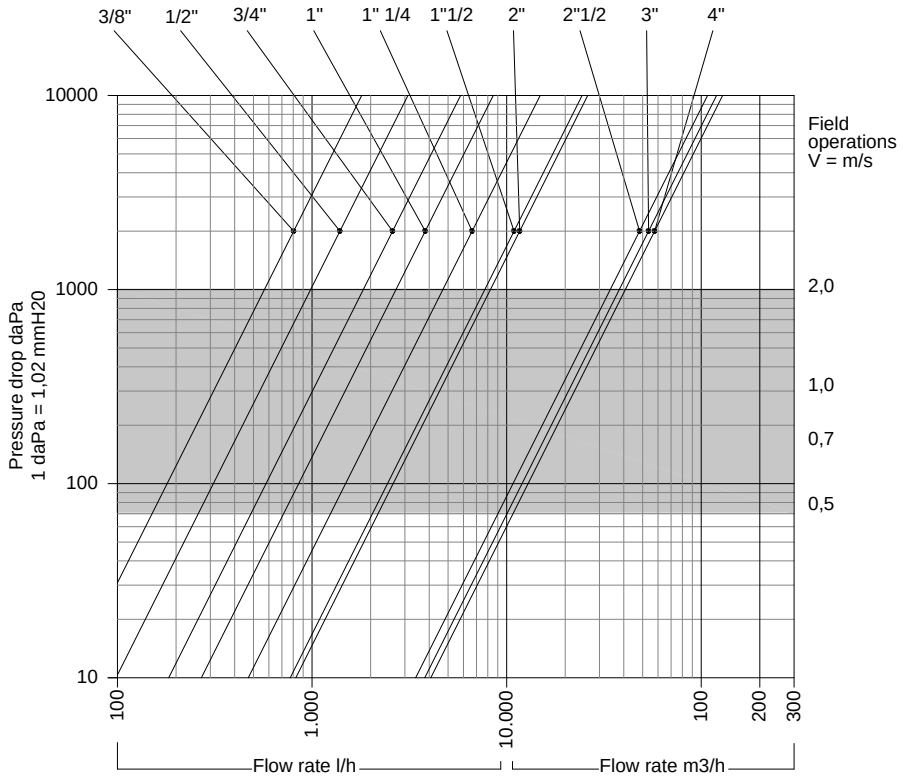
FF THREADED self-cleaning filter							
Size (R)	**A** [mm]	**B** [mm]	**C** [mm]	**D** [mm]	**E** [mm]	**F** [mm]	**G** [mm]
3/8”	50	41,5	82	133	45	25	285
1/2"	56	41,5	82	136	45	25	288
3/4”	67	47	85	132	45	25	287
1”	80	57	88	137	45	25	295
1” 1/4	92	68,5	93	169	52	29	343
1” 1/2	110	79	96	179	52	29	356
2”	110	79	102	179	52	29	362
2” 1/2	180	186	130	377	61	35	603
3”	188	186	130	377	61	35	603
4”	202	186	130	377	61	35	603

PN 6 FLANGED self-cleaning filter													
DN		**A** [mm]	**B** [mm]	**C** [mm]	**D** [mm]	**E** [mm]	**F** [mm]	**G** [mm]	**H** [mm]	**I** [mm]	**L** [mm]	**M** [mm]	**No. of holes**
10	3/8”	98	41,5	82	133	45	25	285	75	35	50	11	4
15	1/2"	104	41,5	82	136	45	25	288	80	40	55	11	4
20	3/4”	115	47	85	132	45	25	287	90	50	65	11	4
25	1”	134	57	88	137	45	25	295	100	60	75	12	4
32	1” 1/4	152	68,5	93	169	52	29	343	120	72	90	14	4
40	1” 1/2	170	79	96	179	52	29	356	130	82	100	14	4
50	2”	172	79	102	179	52	29	362	140	91	110	14	4
65	2” 1/2	248	186	130	377	61	35	603	160	111	130	14	4
80	3”	260	186	130	377	61	35	603	190	127	150	18	4
100	4”	274	186	130	377	61	35	603	210	147	170	18	4

PN 16 FLANGED self-cleaning filter													
DN		**A** [mm]	**B** [mm	**C** [mm]	**D** [mm]	**E** [mm]	**F** [mm]	**G** [mm]	**H** [mm]	**I** [mm]	**L** [mm]	**M** [mm]	**No of holes**
10	3/8”	112	41,5	82	133	45	25	285	90	40	60	14	4
15	1/2"	118	41,5	82	136	45	25	288	95	45	65	14	4
20	3/4”	133	47	85	132	45	25	287	105	58	75	14	4
25	1”	146	57	88	137	45	25	295	115	68	85	14	4
32	1” 1/4	164	68,5	93	169	52	29	343	140	78	100	18	4
40	1” 1/2	182	79	96	179	52	29	356	150	88	110	18	4
50	2”	186	79	102	179	52	29	362	165	102	125	18	4
65	2” 1/2	260	186	130	377	61	35	603	185	122	145	18	4
80	3”	276	186	130	377	61	35	603	200	138	160	18	8
100	4”	290	186	130	377	61	35	603	220	158	180	18	8

FLUID DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Pressure drop chart



Analytical procedure for determining the filter size for liquids with $\rho \cong 1$ kg/dm^3

$$Kvs = Q * \left(\frac{10000}{\Delta P}\right)^{0,5}$$

suitable for water at a temperature from 0 to 30 °C

Kvs correction for fluids with ρ different from 1 kg/dm^3

$$Kvs' = Kvs * \sqrt{\rho'}$$

Analytical procedure for determining the pressure drop for liquids with $\rho \cong 1$ kg/dm^3

$$\Delta P = \left(\frac{Q}{Kvs}\right)^2 \times 10000$$

suitable for water at a temperature from 0 to 30 °C

Correction of ΔP for fluids with ρ different from 1 kg/dm^3

$$\Delta P' = \Delta P \times \rho'$$

LEGEND

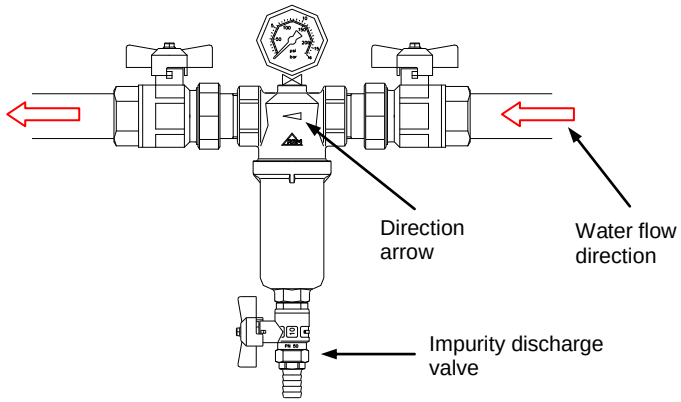
- ΔP = pressure drop in daPa (1daPa=10Pa).
- $\Delta P'$ = corrected pressure drop in daPa (1daPa=10Pa).
- ΔP_{max} = recommended pressure difference for correct operation
- Q = flow rate in m^3/h
- Kvs = hydraulic characteristic value in m^3/h (1m^3/h=1.000 l/h)
- ρ' = density of the liquid in kg/dm^3

INDICATIONS FOR A QUICK CHOICE OF THE SELF-CLEANING FILTER

SIZE	Kv [m^3/h]	FLOW RATE OF THE WATER FLOWING THROUGH [l/h]	
		100 µm filter	
		with ΔP 1,000 Pa	with ΔP 10,000 Pa
3/8”	1,80	180	570
1/2"	3,10	310	980
3/4”	5,80	580	1.840
1”	8,60	860	2.700
1” 1/4	14,90	1.490	4.700
1” 1/2	24,40	2.440	7.700
2”	26,00	2.600	8.250
2” 1/2	107,80	10.780	34.100
3”	120,00	12.000	38.000
4”	129,00	12.900	40.800

* The flow rate values indicated have been obtained with a perfectly clean non-obstructed filtering cartridge.
The table is only a quick general reference which makes it possible to match the chosen component with a given system size.
The values indicated in the table are not binding and do not represent any performance limits of the components.

ASSEMBLY



Self-cleaning filter installation scheme inside a hydraulic circuit

The picture shows how to install an RBM self-cleaning filter inside a hydraulic circuit.

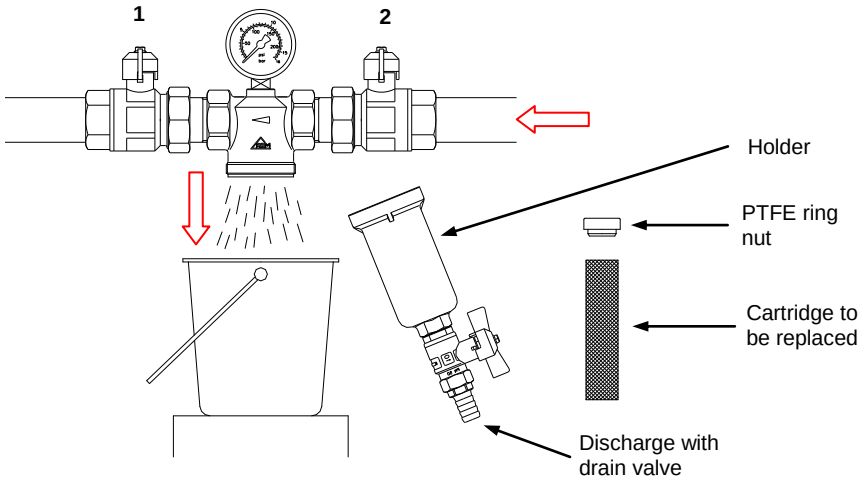
The filter must be installed with the impurity discharge valve directed downwards, so that suspended particles are deposited on the bottom.

The filter must be inserted inside the circuit according to the direction arrow printed on the filter body. This arrow shows the direction of the circuit flow.

When you develop the system, take into consideration that a shut-off valve should be placed upstream of the filter; this will facilitate maintenance and cleaning operations.

If flanged systems are inserted, it is possible to use a pair of threaded **PN6** or **PN 16** RBM flanges.

MAINTENANCE



WASHING OF THE FILTER CARTRIDGE:

In order to wash the filter cartridge, carry out the fluid discharge by opening the discharge valve with drain connection
N.B.: During this operation, shut-off valve **1** and shut-off valve **2** must be open.

REPLACE THE FILTERING CARTRIDGE:

PRECAUTIONS:
Install shut-off valves (ball valves) in the operation area in order to make the normal maintenance of the filter possible (replace the filter cartridge every 6 months) and to avoid emptying the system.
A shut-off valve can be installed also at the bottom of the filter.
If you want to insert flanged systems, you can use a pair of RBM PN 16 threaded flanges.

N.B. : It is not necessary to install the shut-off valves near the filter.
Two valves in a well delimited circuit tract are sufficient to avoid an excessive run-out of water which could cause environmental problems (erosion).

OPERATIONS:

- Bring the containers which will contain the discharged water as near as possible;
- Close cock **1** and cock **2**;
- Unscrew the holder (if the fluid circulating in the circuit has a high temperature, use suitable precaution and the protection measures to avoid direct contact with the fluid);
- Extract the used cartridge and replace it with a new one (filtering mesh available from **100** to **800** microns);
- Place the PTFE ring nut very carefully on the filter cartridge;
- Close the filter with the holder;
- Open the valve at the top of the filter again in order to open the hydraulic system.

ACCESSORIES

THREADED FLANGE

- Body made of nickel-plated brass;
- Threaded connection M UNI-EN-ISO 228;
- Flanged connection UNI 2223 PN 16 DIN 2566 PN 16;
- Flanged connection UNI 2223 PN 6
- Maximum operating pressure (P_{max}): 16 bar;
- Maximum temperature: 150 °C;

Code	Size	DN
PN 16 threaded flange		
120.04.00	1/2”	DN 15
120.05.00	3/4”	DN 20
120.06.00	1”	DN 25
120.07.00	1” 1/4	DN 32
120.08.00	1” 1/2	DN 40
120.09.00	2”	DN 50
120.10.00	2” 1/2	DN 65
120.11.00	3”	DN 80
120.13.00	4”	DN 100
PN 6 threaded flange		
121.04.00	1/2”	DN 15
121.05.00	3/4”	DN 20
121.06.00	1”	DN 25
121.07.00	1” 1/4	DN 32
121.08.00	1” 1/2	DN 40
121.09.00	2”	DN 50
121.10.00	2” 1/2	DN 65
121.11.00	3”	DN 80
121.13.00	4”	DN 100

SPARE PARTS

CARTRIDGE OF THE SELF-CLEANING FILTER

SIZE	FILTERING VALUES		
	800 [µm]	300 [µm]	100 [µm] *
	code	code	code
3/8”	1171.003	1071.013	1071.023
1/2”	1171.003	1071.013	1071.023
3/4”	1172.003	1172.013	1172.023
1”	1173.003	1173.013	1173.023
1” 1/4	1200.003	1200.013	1200.023
1” 1/2	1201.003	1201.013	1201.023
2”	1201.003	1201.013	1201.023
2” 1/2	1215.003	1215.013	1215.023
3”	1215.003	1215.013	1215.023
4”	1215.003	1215.013	1215.023

***** *Standard filtration degree.*

CHOICE OF THE FILTER:
The choice of the filtering mesh is at the user’s discretion;
We can recommend the following:

- 50-100-300-800 micron	for drinking water
- 300 micron	for well water
- 300 micron	for diesel oil in general
- 100-300 micron	for fuel gases

POSSIBLE APPLICATIONS

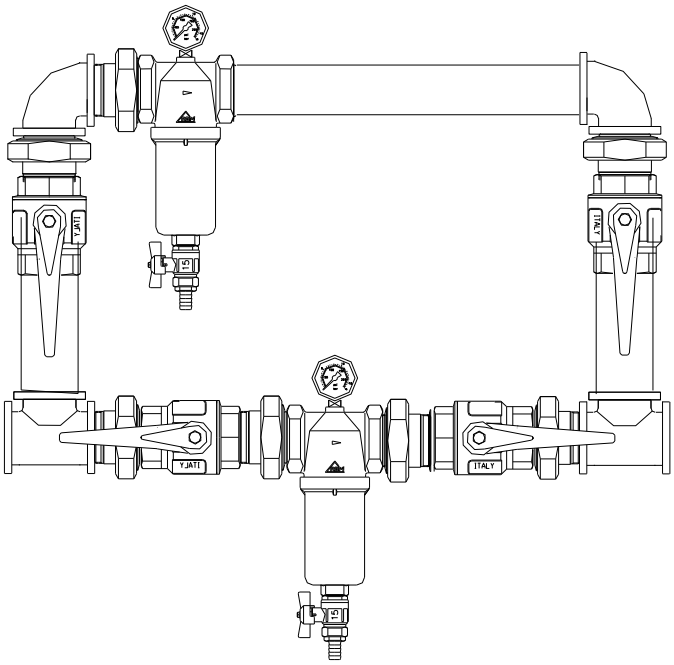
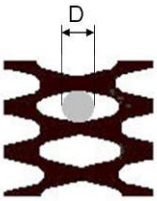


Fig 1: Use of the self-cleaning filter with a by-pass system

FURTHER INFORMATION



The filtering cartridge is the most important element of the filter.

The filtering cartridge has a cylindrical body with diamond-shaped mesh made of AISI 304 stainless steel.

The number of meshes per cm^2 is an essential factor for a correct choice of the filter. Filtering cartridges differ from one another according to the number of meshes they have. The tighter the filter mesh, the more compact is the filter and therefore the higher the number of meshes per cm^2 the higher the filtering capacity of the filter. It is therefore necessary to know the size of the opening of each single mesh in order to understand how many meshes are present per cm^2.

Next to each filtering cartridge there is a number expressed in micron [1µ = 0,001 mm]. This number refers to its filtering capacity and represents the diameter of the circle [D: see picture] inside the diamond-shaped mesh of the filtering cartridge. The higher the value expressed in micron, the wider the filter mesh and the lower the number of meshes per cm^2 (lower filtering capacity).

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